

Application Note AN-RS-021

Trace Detection of Erythrosine B in Sugar

Protecting consumer safety with Misa

Erythrosine B (EB), also known as Red Dye #3, is a synthetic dye approved for use in candy in the US, and in pharmaceuticals and cosmetics in the EU and elsewhere. However, rodent studies suggest that ingestion of EB can promote thyroid tumor formation. EB may also be implicated as a dietary factor contributing to hyperkinesis in children. WHO recommends a daily intake of EB less than 0.1 mg/kg of body weight. While consumption of EB below this threshold is deemed acceptable, it is important to monitor the use of EB to ensure that dietary guidelines are both appropriate and adequately enforced.

With Misa (Metrohm Instant SERS Analyzer), the sensitive and selective detection of EB is demonstrated in a simple assay format easily adapted for on site surveillance testing. The ability to obtain fast results with a portable test platform recommends Misa as a competitive and cost-effective alternative to laboratory technologies (e.g., CE, HPLC) currently employed for detecting EB in foodstuffs.



INTRODUCTION

Misa is a portable screening tool for detecting food additives, including chemical colorants. In this application note, a facile extraction and

analysis procedure is used to detect EB in spiked sugar and colored decorating sugar.

REFERENCE SPECTRUM AND LIBRARY CREATION

To establish a reference spectrum for EB, a pure standard in water (5 μ g/mL) was analyzed using gold nanoparticles (Au NPs). The unique SERS spectrum shown in **Figure 1** can be used to create a library entry for EB.

Figure 1. Standard SERS reference spectrum of erythrosine B.

EXPERIMENT

To simulate testing for EB in a food product, solid EB was mixed thoroughly with pure sugar to prepare a concentration range of test samples: 100, 50, 25, and 10 μ g/g. To extract EB, 100 mg of each dry sample was dissolved in 1 mL of ethanol and allowed to sit for 5 minutes. A test sample was prepared by pipetting 100 μ L of the ethanolic extract into a glass vial containing 800 μ L of Au NPs and 100 μ L of 0.5 mol/L NaCl. The sample was shaken and placed into the Misa vial attachment for analysis.

To test for EB in Betty Crocker PinkTM, a commercially available colored decorating sugar, samples were prepared as previously described.









Table 1. Experimental parameters

| Instrument | | Acquisition | |
|----------------------|------------------|-------------|-----|
| Firmware | 0.9.33 | Laser Power | 5 |
| Software | Misa Cal V1.0.15 | Int. Time | 1 s |
| Misa Vial Attachment | 6.07505.040 | Averages | 10 |
| ID Kit - Au NP | 6.07506.440 | Raster | ON |

RESULTS

Overlaid SERS spectra for ethanolic extracts of sugar spiked with EB demonstrate detection

down to 10 $\,\mu\,g/g.$



Figure 2. Overlaid, baselined, background-subtracted SERS spectra of EB in sugar with Misa and Au NPs.

Based on peak comparison to reference spectra recorded for the spiked sugar samples, the presence of EB in pink sugar is confirmed. Note:

Minor peak shifts, as evident in **Figure 3**, do not compromise library identification capabilities.





Figure 3. Overlaid, baselined, background-subtracted SERS spectra of EB in sugar with Misa and Au NPs.

FIELD TEST PROTOCOL Detection of erythrosine B in the field

Using the large end of the scoop, add 3–4 scoops of sample to a 2 mL vial. Add ethanol to the vial until halfway full. Cap and shake the vial gently to mix, then let sample rest for 5 minutes. Fill a *clean vial* halfway full with Au NPs. Using

pipettes, add 2 drops each of sample solution and NaCl solution to Au NPs, then cap and shake the vial gently to mix. Insert into vial attachment on Misa for measurement.



Table 2. Requirements for field test protocol

| ID Kit - Au NP | 6.07506.440 |
|----------------|----------------------------|
| includes: | Gold nanoparticles (Au NP) |
| | Scoop |
| | Disposable pipettes |
| | 2 mL glass vials |
| Reagents | |
| Ethanol | |
| NaCl solution | 3 g NaCl in 100 mL water |
| Test settings | Use ID Kit OP on MISA |
| | |

CONCLUSION

Misa provides a robust solution for detecting EB in processed foods. This analysis requires minimal user training and consumables, thereby providing a facile analytical methodology for onsite chemical surveillance in both high- and low resource testing environments.

CONTACT

瑞士万通中国 北京市海淀区上地路1号院 1号楼7702 100085 北京

marketing@metrohm.co m.cn



CONFIGURATION



MISA Advanced

Metrohm Instant SERS Analyzer (MISA) 是一款高 性能、便携式分析系,可快速/定非法物、食品添加和 微量食品染物。MISA 的特点是配了 Metrohm 的道 光栅描 (ORS) 技的光。其空需求小和并且池寿命有所 延,用于或移室用。MISA 提供各 1 激光附件,可活取 。分析可通 BlueTooth 或 USB 接行。 MISA Advanced 套件是一个完整套件,其作用是用能 用 Metrohms 米粒溶液和 P-SERS 条行 SERS 分析。 MISA Advanced 套件包含了一个 MISA 小管附件、 一个 P-SERS-附件、一个 ASTM 校正准件、一个 USB 迷、一个 USB 供元和用于行 MISA 器的 MISA Cal 件。随供了一个用来安全保管器和附件的固保箱 。



ID 套件 - Au NP 包含了 Mira/Misa 用使用体金溶液 行 SERS 分析所需的件。套件包含了一个一次性抹刀 、一个移液管、品小瓶和一个含金体的瓶子。



