

Automated logical dilution for ion chromatographic determinations

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Summary

The combination of 850 Professional IC, 858 Professional Sample Processor, Dosino and MagIC Net™ software offers a variety of sophisticated ion chromatographic sample preparation techniques. One of these is the automated inline dilution of samples.

After the first sample injection, MagIC Net™ verifies if the area of the sample peak lies within the calibration range. If the measured peak area is outside these limits, the software calculates the appropriate dilution factor, dilutes and automatically re-injects the sample.

For all investigated ions (Li^+ , Na^+ , K^+ , Ca^{2+} , Mg^{2+} , F^- , Cl^- , NO_2^- , Br^- , NO_3^- , SO_4^{2-}), automated logical dilution yielded coefficients of determination (R^2) better than 0.9999. Direct-injection recoveries for cations and anions were within 98.6...99.5% and 93.4...100.4%, respectively. In contrast, after logical dilution, recoveries for cations and anions were within 100.1...102.9% and 98.2...102.6%, respectively. The relative standard deviations for all determinations involving diluted sample solutions were smaller than 0.91%.

Introduction

To get accurate results in chromatography, the determined sample peak areas need to be within the limits of calibration. Additionally, high ionic concentrations can overload the column and therefore adversely affect the accuracy of the measurement. Manual dilution, however, is error-prone and time-consuming.

This paper will give a description of the straightforward analytical setup and demonstrate the usefulness of the automated intelligent dilution applied to cation and anion determinations.

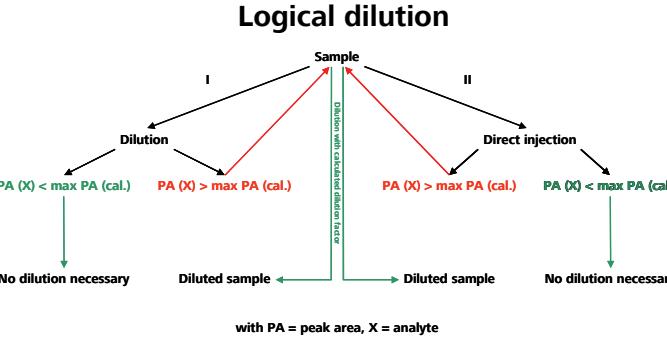
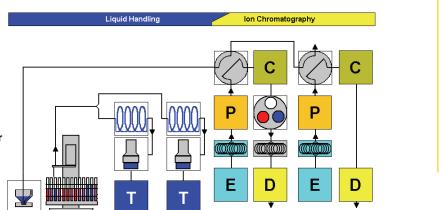
Instrumentation

- 850 Professional IC AnCat – MCS
- 858 Professional Sample Processor – Pump
- Metrosep A Supp 5 – 150
- Metrosep C 4 – 150
- 800 Dosino(s)
- 801 Stirrer



Analytical setup

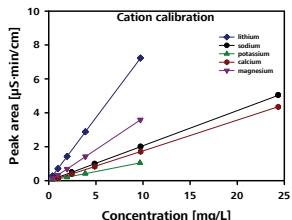
Components	
Eluent degasser	
Buffer tubing	
C Column	
Injection valve	
Dosino	
Conductivity detector	
MSM II	
CO ₂ suppressor	
E Eluent	
Sample processor	
Mixing vessel	
P Pump	
T Dilution solution	



Logical dilution

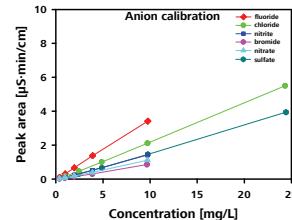
stactic pump of the sample changer transfers the sample to the injection valve of the IC. Alternatively, the sample can be injected directly (II). After the quantitation of the sample's constituents, the software verifies if the peak areas (PAs) lie within the calibration range. If this is the case, the next sample will be analyzed. If not, the software, after calculating the dilution factor, re-analyzes the sample after applying the appropriate dilution.

Cations

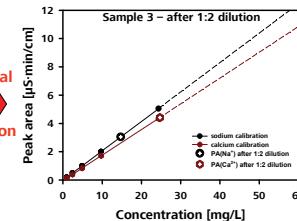
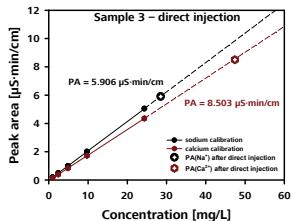


Analyte	Coefficient of determination
Lithium	0.9999
Sodium	0.9999
Potassium	0.9999
Calcium	0.9999
Magnesium	0.9999

Anions

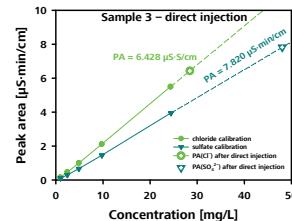


Analyte	Coefficient of determination
Fluoride	0.9999
Chloride	0.9999
Nitrite	0.9999
Bromide	0.9999
Nitrate	0.9999
Sulfate	0.9999



Dilution	Li^+	Na^+	K^+	Ca^{2+}	Mg^{2+}
none	98.6	99.5	99.4	99.2	99.0
1:2 ^a	100.1	100.7	100.4	101.4	101.8
1:5 ^b	100.7	101.2	100.9	101.0	102.9
	1.4481	1.2187	0.2101	1.7359	0.7095
	0.0038	0.0033	0.0019	0.0045	0.0041
	0.26	0.27	0.91	0.26	0.58

^aone determination, ^bmean value of 10 determinations



Dilution	F^-	Cl^-	NO_2^-	Br^-	NO_3^-	SO_4^{2-}
none	99.4	99.2	100.1	99.4	100.4	93.4
1:2 ^a	100.7	101.0	102.6	101.3	102.1	100.0
1:5 ^b	99.5	100.6	98.7	98.2	98.5	100.2
	0.6530	1.2017	0.2375	0.1382	0.1779	1.4047
	0.0033	0.0051	0.0007	0.0004	0.0004	0.0018
	0.50	0.42	0.30	0.25	0.24	0.13

^aone determination, ^bmean value of 10 determinations